

## Corrigendum

After online publication of the manuscript "CrVI exposure and biomarkers: Cr in erythrocytes in relation to exposure and polymorphisms of genes encoding anion transport proteins" by Qingshan Qu et al. (included in this issue of Biomarkers), an error was discovered regarding the methodology of personal exposure sampler analysis for Cr<sup>VI</sup>.

NIOSH method 7600 cited in the manuscript was not the method employed and it should be replaced with NIOSH method 7024 [Eller and Cassinelli 1994], which was the correct procedure carried out in the analyses of exposure samplers for this study. The measurement of chromium by atomic absorption spectrophotometer represents the total Cr, instead of CrVI, although the major form of Cr collected in the samples was in fact Cr<sup>VI</sup>, since the subjects were recruited from a chromate factory, in which the raw material (Na<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>) and product (CrO<sub>3</sub>) are both Cr<sup>VI</sup>.

The corresponding author apologizes for this error.

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